# ENGLISH

General Basic Education - Elementary Sublevel



Student book for curricular transition

Ministerio de Educación





## **ENGLISH**

GENERAL BASIC EDUCATION ELEMENTARY SUBLEVEL

STUDENT BOOK FOR CURRICULAR TRANSITION



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practices, individual, and group actions that will be useful to continue with my life project.

#### **WORKSHEET 1**

COMMUNICATION AND CULTURAL AWARENESS			
General objective	To develop communication skills and cultural awareness through fun and interactive activities.		
Learning objective	Students will be able to recognize and appreciate the cultural diversity around them by acknowledging their cultural expressions, identifying various clothing styles, and recognizing cultural elements in their surroundings.		
Descriptor	Identify and describe elements of own and other cultures by asking simple WH- questions in class recognizing and accepting cultural diversity.		
Performance indicators	Learners can identify elements and characteristics of their own and different cultures such as clothing, housing, food, etc.		
	Learners can ask and answer simple WH- questions.		

#### **Title: Cultural Diversity**

#### **Clothing Around the World**

Let's talk about clothing! People wear different clothes all over the world. These clothes show where they come from and what they like.

Clothing is fun and interesting. It tells us about cultures and people.

When we learn about clothing from around the world, we learn how everyone is unique. We should always be kind and understanding of how others dress.

**In India,** many women wear pretty saris. Saris are long, colorful pieces of cloth that they wrap around themselves. They come in many colors and have cool designs.



**Let's talk about Native Americans!** They have special clothes too. They make comfortable shoes called moccasins. And for special times, they wear headdresses with feathers.



**Let's learn about Japan!** People there like to wear kimonos. Kimonos are long dresses. Some are simple, and some are beautiful and colorful. They wear kimonos for big celebrations.



**Let's talk about Africa!** People there wear many kinds of clothes. Some wear colorful shirts called dashikis for fun parties. The Maasai people love bright clothes. They also wear bead necklaces and earrings. Everything is so colorful!



**In Europe,** people wear all sorts of clothes. Men wear pants and shirts, while women love colorful skirts and dresses. Their clothes have many layers to keep them warm when it's cold.



Let's learn about South America! People wear different clothes. People wear ponchos. Ponchos keep them warm in the mountains. They also wear long white and colorful skirts, many types of hats, shirts, and light clothes when it's warm.



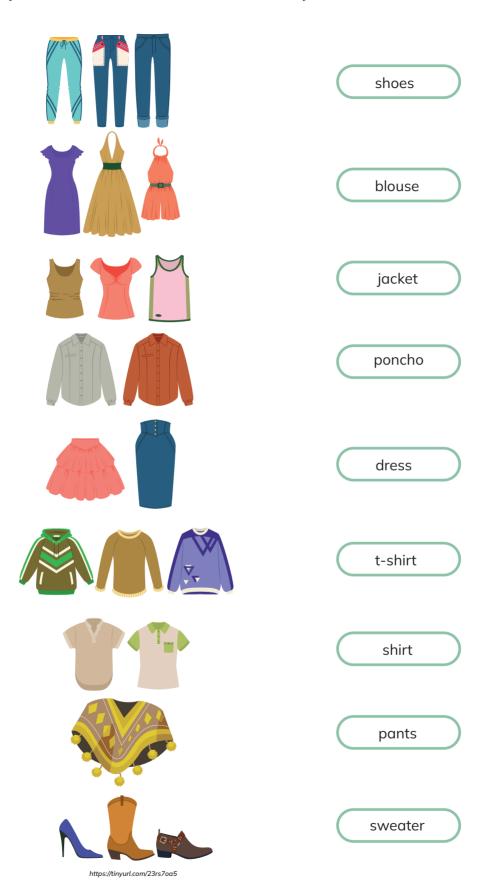


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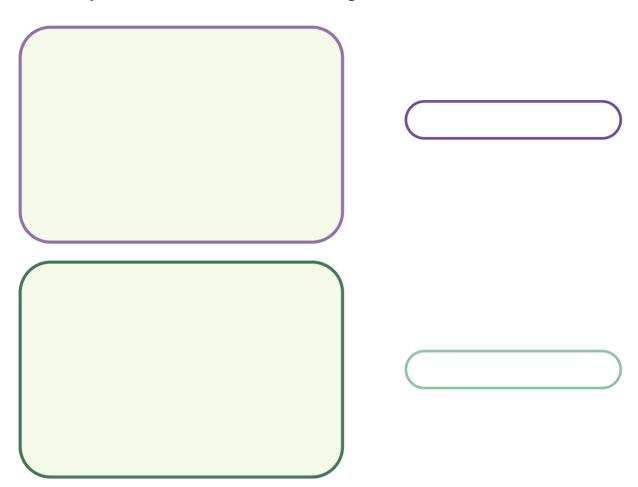
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¿What is traditional clothing in my community or city? Draw it and describe it.

#### Vocabulary: Connect the clothes to their names. Say the names aloud.



#### Practice questions and answers about clothing



#### Practice questions and answers about clothing



What do people wear in your community or city for special celebrations?

When do people wear their traditional clothes?

How are traditional clothes different from everyday clothing?

How do traditional clothes make you feel when you wear them?

Homes All Around the World

People live in different kinds of homes all over the world. Let's explore some of them!

In many countries, people live in houses with bedrooms, living rooms, and kitchens. Some even have big yards to play in.



In Africa, some people have houses with roofs made of straw and walls from mud. These houses help people stay cool when it's really hot outside.



In Japan, there are tiny houses called "tiny homes." They are like little cabins and are perfect for small families.



In India, you'll see colorful houses with flat roofs. Some houses are so bright and beautiful, they look like rainbows!



No matter where we live, our homes are special to us. They keep us safe and warm. What kind of home do you like?

Remember, homes come in all shapes and sizes, and they're all unique and wonderful!

### What is your home like? What is in it? Draw it! Answer the questions:

- Where do you eat?
- Where do you sleep?
- Where do you cook?
- Where do you spend time with your family?
- Where do you wash your hands?
- Where do you have plants and can play?

Use the words from the box and label the pictures.

bedroom living room bathroom dining room kitchen yard

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#### **Exploring Delicious Foods from Around the World**

Let's explore tasty foods from different countries and cultures! Food is a yummy way to learn about people from around the world.

**In Italy**, they have a tasty treat called **pizza**. It's like a yummy sandwich with a thin crust, delicious tomato sauce, and lots of cheese on top. Pizza comes in many flavors, and kids everywhere love it!



In Japan, they have something special called sushi. It's like a yummy sandwich made with rice, fresh fish, and veggies, all wrapped up in seaweed. Some kids use chopsticks to eat it!"



Mexico is a place of delicious happiness. They have a special food called tacos. Tacos have tasty things like meat, cheese, and salsa. You get to choose what you want inside, just like making your special snack!



India: Indian food has curry. It's a spicy, tasty sauce made with spices and herbs. People enjoy it with rice or bread. Some curry is not so spicy, but some can be hot!



In Cuba, there's a delicious dish called Ropa Vieja. It's a bit like shredded beef stew with colorful bell peppers and tomatoes.



https://n9.cl/h2m9t

What is a traditional food in your community or city? What are its ingredients? Draw it and describe it!

#### Ask and answer:

- What is your favorite traditional food?
- Can you say two important ingredients?

#### Let's cook!



#### Find an easy traditional recipe from your community and prepare it together.

- 1.- List the ingredients
- 2.- List the steps to prepare the chosen food.
- 3. Explain two or three steps.
- 4. Share and enjoy.

#### **WORKSHEET 2**

ORAL COMMUNICATION			
General objective	To develop communication skills: listening and speaking in young learners through fun and interactive activities.		
Learning objective	Students will be able to comprehend meaning from short dialogues on familiar topics, spoken instructions, and simple questions, especially when spoken slowly and clearly and they will develop an enjoyment for listening to extensive English content, including stories, short movies, song lyrics, and poetry.		
Descriptor	Communicate and engage on familiar topics and dialogues, and actively enjoy English songs and stories. promoting a positive emotional connection to language learning.		
Performance indicators	Exhibits the ability to comprehend spoken English by following and understanding spoken instructions and basic questions when spoken slowly and clearly.  Demonstrates an increasing interest in English songs, stories, short movies, and poetry, suggesting a developing emotional connection to language learning.		

Title: Let's Talk! Our Lovely Pets

#### Listening

#### **The Lost Kitten**

Meet Sarah's cute yellow kitten, Mittens! Sarah wants to tell us a story about Mittens. Listen to her. Can you put the pictures in the right order from 1 to 5 to show how the story goes?











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https://n9.cl/j8vlk

https://n9.cl/g1gwd

https://n9.cl/npozl

https://n9.cl/l5hx0

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#### **Speaking**

#### Talk to your classmates. Try to ask and answer some questions about pets.



- 1. Do you have a pet? If yes, what kind of pet do you have?
- 2. What is your pet's name? Can you describe your pet?
- 3. What does your pet eat?
- 4. Do you play with your pet?
- 5. Do you like other animals? What animals do you like?

#### Draw your pet and try to describe it with simple words.

#### Here we have a short poem for our pets. Read it with your teacher.

My pet is my best friend, Always by my side until the end. With fur so soft and eyes so bright My pet is a wonderful sight. My pet loves to play and run and always knows how to have fun. My pet is always there for me. My pet can make any bad day erase. So, here's to my pet, my loyal friend.

#### Vocabulary



https://n9.cl/tolmv9



#### What animals can be pets?

People have pets of different kinds. Which one do you have? Which one do you like? Write or say the names of the animals that people usually have as pets. Do you have one?



#### **Exotic pets**

Our friend Sarah is talking about exotic pets. Do you know what it is?

1.- Listen to their conversation and circle the exotic animal they are talking about.









#### 2.- Circle true or false.

Alex has a cute dog as a pet. Sarah's pet can say many things. Exotic pets should live in their habitats.

# True False True False True False

#### **Speaking:**

Have a short conversation about pets in your community.

- Does everybody have pets?
- Does anyone have an exotic pet?
- What exotic pet would you like to have?



#### **WORKSHEET 3**

READING				
General objective	Enhance reading skills for young learners by engaging in enjoyable and interactive activities that focus on understanding English through sight words, picture stories, and the use of present tense forms.			
Learning objective	Students will be able to engage in different interactive activities that emphasize English comprehension using sight words, picture stories, and the application of present tense forms.			
Descriptor	Recognize and comprehend various forms of written expressions, connecting them to personal experiences and valuing the importance of meaning and storytelling.			
Performance indicators	Learners understand the main ideas from different kinds of short fiction and nonfiction passages. Learners identify the present forms.			

#### **Title: Reading Adventures**

#### Finding a cute treasure

These friends always go to the jungle to discover new places. One sunny day, they decide to go to the jungle. They are looking for a treasure.



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The friends start their adventure, with a map. They are feeling happy and curious. They walk through the woods, following the map and searching for clues.



As they walk, they find many obstacles, including a river they must cross and a steep hill they have to climb. But they don't give up. They work together and help each other overcome the obstacles.



Finally, they find a special place in the jungle. They are really surprised. They see a group of extremely beautiful birds. It is the first time they see something so wonderful.



The friends are overjoyed. The real treasure is seeing these bright feathered birds that nobody else can. They are taking some pictures to remember the adventure, but the beautiful birds are their secret.



 $Story\ taken\ and\ adapted\ from\ https://learnenglishkids.britishcouncil.org/listen-watch/short-stories and adapted from\ https://learnenglishkids.britishcouncil.org/listen-w$ 

As they walk back home, they talk about their adventure and how much fun they have had. They know that they will always remember the treasure and the memories they have made together.

#### Reading comprehension activity. Choose the correct answer about the story.

#### 1. What are the friends looking for in the jungle?

a) Friends

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- b) Treasures
- c) Food
- d) Toys

#### 2. How do the friends feel at the beginning of their adventure?

- a) Sad
- b) Curious and happy
- c) Scared
- d) Tired



#### 3. What obstacles do the friends encounter in the jungle?

- a) Desert and caves
- b) River and steep hill
- c) Candy and toys
- d) Robots and monsters

#### 4. How do the friends overcome the obstacles?

- a) They give up and go home.
- b) They work together and help each other.
- c) They get lost in the jungle.
- d) They find a shortcut.

#### 5. What is the special surprise the friends find in the jungle?

- a) A hidden treasure chest
- b) Colorful flowers
- c) beautiful birds
- d) Wild animals

#### 6. How do the friends feel when they see the beautiful birds?

- a) Angry
- b) Surprised and overjoyed
- c) Bored
- d) Sad

#### 7. What do the friends do to remember the adventure?

- a) Nothing, they forget it.
- b) Write a long story.
- c) Take pictures of the beautiful birds.
- d) Share the secret with everyone.

#### 8. Circle

When is the story happening?

Today tomorrow yesterday

#### Language use

Discuss the verbs in bold shown in the story. Are they present? Are they talking about the past? Are they the future?

#### **Check this:**

These friends always **go** to the jungle to discover new places.

They work together and help each other overcome the obstacles.

#### This shows a habit or general activity.

#### **Check this:**

They are feeling happy and curious.

They **are taking** pictures.

This shows they are doing something at the moment of speaking.

#### **Simple Present:**

We use the simple present when we talk about things that happen regularly or all the time. It's like a habit.

For example: "I play with my toys every day." This means playing with toys is something you do regularly.

#### **Present Continuous:**

We use the present continuous when we talk about things happening right now or around now. It's like a snapshot of what's going on.

For example: "I am playing with my toys." This means you are playing with your toys at this very moment.

#### **Exercises:**

#### **Simple Present:**

I	_ (like) to eat ice cream.			
She	(read) a book every night.			
Present Co	ntinuous:			
He	(play) with his toys right now.			
They	(run) in the park at the moment.			
Simple Present or Present Continuous:				
My dog alv	vays (bark) loudly.			
Look! The l	birds (sing) in the trees.			
Simple Pre	sent:			
Cats	(sleep) a lot during the day.			
We	(go) to school from Monday to Friday			
Present Continuous:				
I	_ (draw) a picture for my mom today.			
The kids	(dance) in the living room now.			

#### The Jungle is a Special Forest

The jungle is a very dense and green forest.

It's in warm places like South America, Africa, and Asia.



#### **Jungle Friends**

In the jungle, lots of animals and plants live.

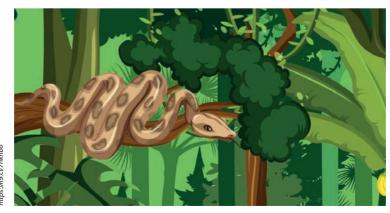
There are monkeys, tigers, snakes, and colorful birds.

The plants are different, too, like tall trees and vines.



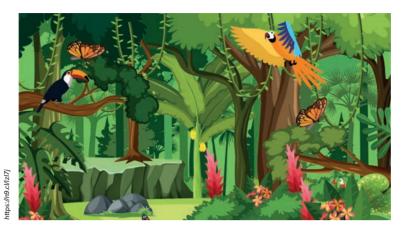
#### A Bit Tricky:

The jungle can be a little tricky because some animals like to eat other animals. So, jungle animals need to be careful.



#### **Jungle Beauty:**

Even though it's tricky, the jungle is so beautiful and full of life. People go there to see the amazing animals and learn about the plants.



#### **Adventure Time:**

If you ever visit the jungle, bring a camera and your sense of adventure. You might discover something incredible!



#### Reading comprehension activities:

Circle either true or false according to the reading passage.

**True or False:** The jungle can be found in cold regions like Antarctica.

**True or False:** Monkeys, tigers, snakes, and birds are animals that live in the jungle.

**True or False:** Jungle animals never have to be careful.

**True or False:** People visit the jungle to see the amazing wildlife.

**True or False:** You should bring a sense of adventure if you ever visit the jungle.

The jungle is a dense and green forest located in regions.
Some animals in the jungle have developed special to survive.
People go to the jungle to see the amazing animals and learn about the different and
animals.
If you ever visit the jungle, bring a camera and your sense of
In the jungle, you might discover something!
Draw and color a jungle and some of the animals you can find there.

Fill in the Gaps:

#### **WORKSHEET 4**

WRITING					
General objective	Produce written content with accuracy in spelling, punctuation, and capitalization for basic language items, utilizing provided models for guidance.				
Learning objective	Students will be able to produce simple words, phrases, sentences, and paragraphs with proper spelling, punctuation, and capitalization, following the provided models for support.				
Descriptor	Recognize and practice basic written forms of expression, fostering an appreciation for writing as a means of personal expression.				
Performance indicators	Learners can create short and straightforward sentences and paragraphs on a range of subjects, while some may require minimal assistance.				

**Title: Myself**Draw and color yourself.

#### Complete the sentences with your information.

My name is	
I amyec	ırs
l live in	
My favorite color is	
favorite fo	od
My school's name _	
I have	(brothers or sisters)
I have It	is my pet.
My favorite activity	' is
favorite book	cs or movies are
My hest friends are	

#### Writing: Parts of a sentence

To write something we need to form a sentence. A sentence is a group of words that tell a complete idea or story.

A sentence has some parts, and all are important to have a complete idea.

The parts of a sentence are:



These parts are always together and follow the order of the train.

#### **Examples:**

I am a child. I → subject am → verb a child→ object

We love English. We → subject love → verb English → object

My mom cooks delicious food. My mom → subject cooks → verb delicious food → object

At the end of a sentence, you always use a period, and you always start with capital letters.

capital letter → My mom cooks delicious food → period

#### Now you try to form sentences about a classmate using the previous information. I am $\alpha$

Her/His name is
He/ She isyears
He/She lives in
Her/His favorite color is
favorite food
has (brothers or sisters)
has It is his /her pet.
favorite activity is
favorite books or movies are
best friends are

#### **Controlled writing**

**In the park.** Describe the scene. Use the words in the box to complete the short paragraph.



warm	sky	sun	trees	like	park	butterflies	friends	playing	
It is a		It has	s many			They are tall	and	I can se	e
	fly	ying all a	round. Th	e	is	s blue and the _	i	s shining. M	y
	are		and en	joying.	They	to plo	y in the po	ark when it i	S
sunny and _		·							

At school. Describe the scene. Use the words in the box to complete the paragraph.



enjoy

enjoy

trees

posters

like

class

books

has

Thismy	/ It	tables and _	My cl	assmates and I	
studying. O	ur class	big	There are	on the wall. We can s	ee
the	outside. I	the	on the wall.		
Vocabulary	• My turp Wri	te a list of the new	words you learned	in this section	
vocabalary	. wy tarn. vvri	te d list of the fiew	words you learned	iii tiiis section.	
					-

windows

clock

#### **WORKSHEET 5**

LANGUAGE THROUGH THE ARTS				
General objective	Identify and describe key information such as events, characters, and objects in stories, other age-appropriate literary texts, and art expressions.			
Learning objective	Students will develop the ability to recognize and explain essential details with simple vocabulary in art expressions.			
Descriptor	Identify and label unique attributes in art expressions, cultivating an appreciation for art as a form of expression and culture.			
Performance indicators	Learners will be able to point to and describe key elements in art, such as colors, shapes, and objects, using basic adjectives.			

**Title: Arts expressions** 

#### **The Starry Night**

The Starry Night is a famous painting by Vincent van Gogh. This painting shows the nighttime sky with lots of stars and a curved moon. The artist used strong, bright colors.



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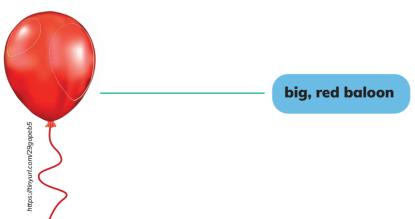
identitying and labeling	
What objects can you see in the painting? List.	
Can you write all the colors you see?	
What shapes can you identify?	

#### **Adjectives**

Adjectives are words that help describe or give more information people, places, things, or ideas. Adjectives make sentences more interesting by telling us what something is like.

They can describe the color, size, shape, or even how something feels.

For example, in the sentence "The big, red balloon floated in the sky," "big" and "red" are adjectives that tell us more about the balloon.



Adjectives make our sentences colorful and help us paint pictures with words.

#### **Recognizing adjectives**

Look at the painting and match the possible adjectives with the nouns. Many options are possible. Check the example.



Now, choose three adjectives and nouns to write sentences.

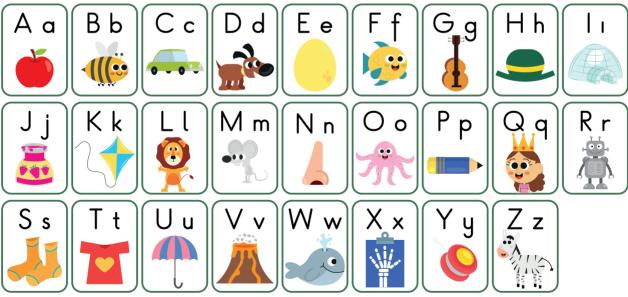
Example:
The artist is mysterious.
You are an artist!
Create your painting. Use different colors, shapes, and objects. Use adjectives to describe its main characteristics.

#### **WORKSHEET 6**

PHONICS AND PHONEMIC AWARENESS	
General objective	Recognize, practice, and write English letter sounds.
Learning objective	Students will be able to recognize, practice, and write English letter sounds, demonstrating the ability to associate the sounds with their corresponding letters and reproduce them accurately in both spoken and written form.
Descriptor	Understand and use the connection between sounds and letters is key in communication, appreciating the value of clear and precise communication as essential.
Performance indicators	Recognize basic sounds in words. Pronounce the sounds correctly. Write some words just by listening to them.

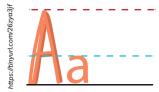
#### The alphabet:

Practice the letters with your teacher.



## **Letter A**

The letter A has different sounds in different words. Here are some examples.



## Letter A

The letter A has different sounds in different words. Here are some examples.

rat

tape

ambulance a as in cat

apple

ant a as in grape

animals snake paper





Pronounce and circle the images that have "a" letter. Write the words.





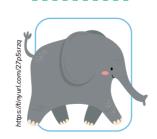














## **Letter U**

The letter U has different sounds in different words. Here are some examples.



## **Letter A**

The letter A has different sounds in different words. Here are some examples.

tube

cup food

Universe

glue cube

dull

blue up

flute

music

umbrella

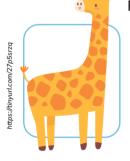
moon







Pronounce and circle the images that have "u" letter. Write the words.





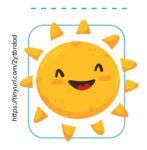














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